Solving Using the Laws of Exponents	Name:
	Answers
) $3^1 = ___=$	1
	2
$(2^3)^2 = ___=$	
	3
	4
$(2 \times 3)^2 = $	
	5
	6.
) $2^2 + 2^{-4}$	
) $2^2 \times 2^{-4} = ____=$	7
	8.
	o
$(1/3)^2 = = =$	9
	10
$3^{-2} = =$	
$2^{0} = ___$	
$2^{-4} \times 2^2 = $	
$(1/3)^3 = =$	
$(\frac{1}{3})^3 = $	
$1) -2^2 -2^3$	
) $3^2 \times 3^3 = $	
	1-10 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10

Solving Using the Laws of Exponents	Name: Answer Key
Solve each problem using the laws of exponents.	<u>Answers</u>
1) $3^1 = 3 = 3$	13
	264
2) $(2^3)^2 = 2^{3 \times 2} = 64$	3. 36
	41/4
3) $(2 \times 3)^2 = 2^2 \times 3^2 = 36$	5. 1 /9
	6. 1 /9
4) $2^2 \times 2^{-4} = 2^{2-4} = \frac{1}{4}$	7. 1
	8. 4
5) $\binom{1}{3}^{2} = \frac{1}{3^{2}} = \frac{1}{9}$	9. ¹ / ₂₇
	10. 243
6) $3^{-2} = \frac{1}{3^2} = \frac{1}{9}$	
7) $2^0 = 1 = 1$	
8) $2^{-4} \times 2^2 = 2^{-4+2} = \frac{1}{4}$	
9) $(\frac{1}{3})^3 = \frac{1}{3^3} = \frac{1}{27}$	
10) $3^2 \times 3^3 = 3^{2+3} = 243$	